



Understanding Clinical Audit Queries

Build user confidence in using Clinical Audit Queries (CAQs) for quality improvement.

What are CAOs?

- > Structured data searches that allow you to explore specific clinical cohorts.
- > Unlike alerts, CAQs are fully customisable you can run queries for any condition, timeframe, or clinical indicator.

Common examples

- > Patients with eGFR < 60.
- > High complexity children.
- > CVD and SBP > 150.
- > Osteoporosis.
- > STD screening in 15-29 years olds.

- > Patients with hep C.
- > Discharges.
- > Endometriosis and pelvic pain.
- > Dementia.
- > ADHD, Autism, or eating disorders.

How to run a CAQ

- 1. Go to Clinical Audit Queries tab.
- 2. Choose a query from the library (or build your own, if trained).
- 3. Adjust filters (age, clinician, date range).
- **4**. Run the query \rightarrow view patient list.
- 5. Export for recalls, QI activity, or reporting.

Why it matters

- > Identifies care gaps at population level.
- > Supports PIP QI targets, RACGP standards, and NSQHS Action 1.28.
- > Provides evidence for accreditation and CQI reporting.

To find more information about Clinical Audit Queries, access the Primary Sense Practice User Guide.



NQPHN acknowledges the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples as Australia's First Nation Peoples and the Traditional Custodians of this land. We respect their continued connection to land and sea, country, kin, and community. We also pay our respect to their Elders past, present, and emerging as the custodians of knowledge and lore.







